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the first number in sequence that does map correctly to the range;

- (3) Be capable of producing every possible outcome of a game according to its rules; and
- (4) Use an unbiased algorithm. A scaling algorithm is considered to be unbiased if the measured bias is no greater than 1 in 100 million.

§ 547.15 What are the minimum technical standards for electronic data communications between system components?

This section provides minimum standards for electronic data communications with gaming equipment or components used with Class II gaming systems.

- (a) Sensitive data. Communication of sensitive data shall be secure from eavesdropping, access, tampering, intrusion or alteration unauthorized by the tribal gaming regulatory authority. Sensitive data shall include, but not be limited to:
 - (1) RNG seeds and outcomes;
- (2) Encryption keys, where the implementation chosen requires transmission of keys;
 - (3) PINs;
 - (4) Passwords;
- (5) Financial instrument transactions:
 - (6) Transfers of funds;
 - (7) Player tracking information;
 - (8) Download Packages; and
- (9) Any information that affects game outcome.
- (b) Wireless communications. (1) Wireless access points shall not be accessible to the general public.
- (2) Open or unsecured wireless communications are prohibited.
- (3) Wireless communications shall be secured using a methodology that makes eavesdropping, access, tampering, intrusion or alteration impractical. By way of illustration, such methodologies include encryption, frequency hopping, and code division multiplex access (as in cell phone technology).
- (c) Methodologies shall be used that will ensure the reliable transfer of data and provide a reasonable ability to detect and act upon any corruption of the

- (d) Class II gaming systems shall record detectable, unauthorized access or intrusion attempts.
- (e) Remote communications shall only be allowed if authorized by the tribal gaming regulatory authority. Class II gaming systems shall have the ability to enable or disable remote access, and the default state shall be set to disabled
- (f) Failure of data communications shall not affect the integrity of critical memory.
- (g) The Class II gaming system shall log the establishment, loss, and re-establishment of data communications between sensitive Class II gaming system components.

§ 547.16 What are the minimum standards for game artwork, glass, and rules?

This section provides standards for the display of game artwork, the displays on belly or top glass, and the display and disclosure of game rules, whether in physical or electronic form.

- (a) Rules, instructions, and prize schedules, generally. The following shall at all times be displayed or made readily available to the player upon request:
- (1) Game name, rules, and options such as the purchase or wager amount stated clearly and unambiguously;
 - (2) Denomination:
- (3) Instructions for play on, and use of, the player interface, including the functions of all buttons; and
- (4) A prize schedule or other explanation, sufficient to allow a player to determine the correctness of all prizes awarded, including;
- (i) The range and values obtainable for any variable prize;
- (ii) Whether the value of a prize depends on the purchase or wager amount; and
- (iii) The means of division of any pari-mutuel prizes; but
- (iv) For bingo and games similar to bingo, the prize schedule or other explanation need not state that subsets of winning patterns are not awarded as additional prizes (e.g. five in a row does not also pay three in a row or four in a row), unless there are exceptions, which shall be clearly stated.
- (b) Disclaimers. The Class II gaming system shall continually display:

- (1) "Malfunctions void all prizes and plays" or equivalent; and
- (2) "Actual Prizes Determined by Bingo [or other applicable Class II game] Play. Other Displays for Entertainment Only." or equivalent.

§ 547.17 How does a tribal gaming regulatory authority apply for a variance from these standards?

- (a) Tribal Gaming Regulatory Authority approval. (1) A tribal gaming regulatory authority may approve a variance from the requirements of this part if it has determined that the variance will achieve a level of security and integrity sufficient to accomplish the purpose of the standard it is to replace.
- (2) For each enumerated standard for which the tribal gaming regulatory authority approves a variance, it shall submit to the Chairman within 30 days, a detailed report, which shall include the following:
- (i) An explanation of how the variance achieves a level of security and integrity sufficient to accomplish the purpose of the standard it is to replace; and
- (ii) The variance as granted and the record on which it is based.
- (3) In the event that the tribal gaming regulatory authority or the tribe's government chooses to submit a variance request directly to the Chairman for joint government to government review, the tribal gaming regulatory authority or tribal government may do so without the approval requirement set forth in paragraph (a) (1) of this section
- (b) Chairman Review. (1) The Chairman may approve or object to a variance granted by a tribal gaming regulatory authority.
- (2) Any objection by the Chairman shall be in written form with an explanation why the variance as approved by the tribal gaming regulatory authority does not provide a level of security or integrity sufficient to accomplish the purpose of the standard it is to replace.
- (3) If the Chairman fails to approve or object in writing within 60 days after the date of receipt of a complete submission, the variance shall be considered approved by the Chairman. The Chairman and the tribal gaming regu-

- latory authority may, by agreement, extend this deadline an additional 60 days.
- (4) No variance may be implemented until approved by the tribal gaming regulatory authority pursuant to paragraph (a)(1) of this section or the Chairman has approved pursuant to paragraph (b)(1) of this section.
- (c) Commission Review. Should the tribal gaming regulatory authority elect to maintain its approval after written objection by the Chairman, the tribal gaming regulatory authority shall be entitled to an appeal to the full Commission in accordance with the following process:
- (1) Within 60 days of receiving an objection, the tribal gaming regulatory authority shall file a written notice of appeal with the Commission that may include a request for an oral hearing or it may request that the matter be decided upon written submissions.
- (2) Within 10 days after filing a notice of appeal the tribal gaming regulatory authority shall file a supplemental statement specifying the reasons why the tribal gaming regulatory authority believes the Chairman's objection should be reviewed, and shall include supporting documentation, if any.
- (3) Failure to file an appeal or submit the supplemental statement within the time provided by this section shall result in a waiver of the opportunity for an appeal.
- (4) If an oral hearing is requested it shall take place within 30 days of the notice of appeal and a record shall be made.
- (5) If the tribal gaming regulatory authority requests that the appeal be decided on the basis of written submission, the Commission shall issue a written decision within 30 days of receiving the supplemental statement.
- (6) The Commission shall uphold the objection of the Chairman, only if, upon de novo review of the record upon which the Chairman's decision is based, the Commission determines that the variance approved by the tribal gaming regulatory authority does not achieve a level of security and integrity sufficient to accomplish the purpose of the standard it is to replace.